Indian Flatbread

Recipe source: Foster Primary School, Victoria

Flatbreads generally include leavened bread, such as pita, or unleavened, such as mountain bread. Both types are common throughout the Middle East and beyond, and are popularly used for wraps as well as toasted for salads, dips and sauces. In an Indian village the ‘fat’ would have been butter made from buffalo milk.

Ingredients:
- 2 tsp sea salt
- 2 cups lukewarm water
- 5 tbsp extra-virgin olive oil
- 1 kg plain flour, plus a little extra for dusting

Equipment:
- metric measuring spoons and scales
- small bowl
- mixer with large bowl and dough hook attachment
- 2 baking trays
- rolling pin
- 2 heavy-based frying pans
- spatula or egg flipper
- tongs

What to do:
1. Preheat the oven to 120˚C and place the baking trays in the oven.
2. In the small bowl, dissolve the salt in the water. Add the oil.
3. Place the flour in the large bowl of the mixer. Attach the dough hook.
4. With the motor running, trickle in the oil, salt and water mixture. Mix for about 8 minutes or until the dough looks smooth.
5. Tip out the dough and divide it into 32 even pieces, each the size of a small egg. Do not play with or knead the dough – if you do your bread will be tough to eat!
6. Dust the workbench with some flour.
7. Flatten a piece of dough (using the heel of your hand) into a round shape and use the rolling pin to roll it out thinly, to about 10 cm in diameter.
8. While the dough is being shaped, heat both frying pans until hot.
9. Place a disk of rolled-out dough into a hot, dry pan and cook for 3 minutes. Flip it over with your spatula and cook for a further 3 minutes. You should be able to cook a few at a time.
10. As the flatbreads cook they will develop a few bubbles and brown splotches. This shows they are done.
11. Using tongs, transfer the cooked flatbreads to one of the warm baking trays and return them to the warm oven until we are ready to eat.